

# the canterbury tales character description

**The Canterbury Tales character description** is essential for understanding Geoffrey Chaucer's literary masterpiece, which serves as a vivid tapestry of 14th-century English society. Written in Middle English, the work comprises a collection of stories told by a diverse group of pilgrims traveling to the shrine of Saint Thomas Becket in Canterbury. Each character not only plays a role in the narrative but also represents specific societal classes and archetypes of the time. This article delves into the rich character descriptions of The Canterbury Tales, exploring their traits, backgrounds, and the roles they play in the overarching narrative.

## Overview of The Canterbury Tales

The Canterbury Tales is structured as a frame narrative, wherein the stories are told by a group of pilgrims who have gathered at the Tabard Inn in Southwark, London. The host of the inn proposes a storytelling contest to make the journey to Canterbury more entertaining. Each character has a unique story, reflecting their personality and social status. Below are some of the prominent characters from the tales, categorized based on their social classes.

## Character Descriptions

### Nobility

#### 1. The Knight

The Knight is the first character introduced in the Prologue. He is depicted as a noble warrior, embodying the ideals of chivalry. He has fought in numerous battles across the Crusades and is admired for his valor and honor. His attire is modest, consisting of a tunic stained from battle, which reflects his humble nature despite his high status.

#### 2. The Prioress

The Prioress, Madame Eglantine, is the head of a convent and exemplifies the medieval ideal of a lady. She is described as being very concerned with manners, fashion, and appearances. Her delicate features, refined manners, and a penchant for singing and poetry show her as trying to balance her religious duties with her worldly desires. She also has a compassionate side, as shown in her tale.

#### 3. The Monk

The Monk is a character who defies the traditional expectations of monastic life. He is well-fed, enjoys

hunting, and is more interested in worldly pleasures than in prayer and contemplation. Chaucer paints a picture of a man who enjoys luxury and leisure, showcasing the corruption and hypocrisy present in some religious figures of the time.

## Clergy

### 1. The Friar

The Friar is a jovial and roguish character who is more interested in wealth and socializing than in helping the poor. He is skilled in manipulating people, using his charm to gain favors and money. His love for women and the fine things in life paints him as a caricature of the corrupt religious figures who prioritize personal gain over their spiritual duties.

### 2. The Parson

In contrast to the Friar, the Parson is a model of piety and virtue. He is dedicated to his parishioners, living a life of poverty and humility. He practices what he preaches, embodying the ideal traits of a good clergyman, which provides a stark contrast to the other religious characters.

## Middle Class

### 1. The Merchant

The Merchant is a shrewd businessman who is concerned with his finances and trade. He dresses in fine clothes, suggesting his wealth, but he is also deeply in debt. His character highlights the rising importance of the merchant class in medieval society and reflects the economic changes of the time.

### 2. The Wife of Bath

One of the most memorable characters, the Wife of Bath, is a skilled cloth maker with a vibrant personality. She has been married five times and is unapologetic about her experiences. Through her prologue and tale, she challenges traditional gender roles and offers a feminist perspective on marriage and relationships, making her a standout character in Chaucer's work.

### 3. The Summoner

The Summoner is a corrupt church official who is responsible for summoning sinners to ecclesiastical courts. He is described as having a grotesque appearance, with a face covered in pimples and a fondness for wine. He exploits his position for personal gain, showcasing the moral decay within the church.

## Peasantry

### 1. The Miller

The Miller is a bawdy and boisterous character known for his physical strength and crude humor. He is depicted as a cheating and dishonest man who takes advantage of others in his trade. His tale is filled with ribaldry, reflecting the earthy and often vulgar humor of the lower classes.

## 2. The Reeve

The Reeve is a manager of a large estate, known for being shrewd and cunning. He is skilled in managing resources and has amassed wealth through his position. However, he is also feared by those who work for him, as he is a strict and unforgiving master, illustrating the complexities of class relations.

## 3. The Plowman

The Plowman is the brother of the Parson and represents the ideal peasant. He is hardworking, honest, and devoted to his faith. His character serves as a counterpoint to the more corrupt individuals of the lower class, embodying the virtues of integrity and humility.

# The Role of Characters in The Canterbury Tales

The characters in The Canterbury Tales serve multiple purposes:

- Social Commentary: Chaucer uses characters to critique various social classes and their behaviors. Through their stories, he reflects the complexities of 14th-century English society, revealing the moral and ethical dilemmas faced by individuals of different standings.
- Diversity of Perspectives: Each character brings a unique viewpoint, allowing Chaucer to explore a variety of themes, including love, betrayal, morality, and the human condition. This diversity enriches the narrative and engages the reader in a broader discussion about societal norms.
- Characterization Through Tales: The tales themselves often reflect the personalities of the characters telling them. For instance, the Wife of Bath shares a story that emphasizes her views on female autonomy, while the Knight's tale highlights themes of honor and chivalry.

## Conclusion

The character descriptions in The Canterbury Tales are not merely for storytelling; they serve as a lens through which Chaucer examines the complexities of human nature and society. Each character, from the noble Knight to the earthy Miller, represents different facets of medieval life, allowing readers to gain insight into the era's social structure and cultural attitudes. Through their rich and varied personalities, Chaucer's characters continue to resonate with audiences today, making The Canterbury Tales a timeless classic that remains relevant in its exploration of humanity.

## **Frequently Asked Questions**

### **Who is the Wife of Bath in The Canterbury Tales and what are her defining characteristics?**

The Wife of Bath is a bold and independent woman who has been married five times. She is characterized by her strong opinions on marriage and female sovereignty, often challenging societal norms about women in her time.

### **What role does the Knight play in The Canterbury Tales, and how is he portrayed?**

The Knight is portrayed as a noble and chivalrous figure, embodying the ideals of knighthood. He is experienced in battle, having fought in numerous crusades, and is described as honorable and respectful, setting a moral tone for the tales.

### **How is the Pardoner depicted in The Canterbury Tales, and what does he represent?**

The Pardoner is depicted as a corrupt and greedy ecclesiastical figure who sells indulgences and fake relics. He represents the moral decay within the Church and critiques the exploitation of faith for personal gain.

### **What is the significance of the Prioress's character in The Canterbury Tales?**

The Prioress is a nun who is concerned with appearances and manners, embodying the values of courtly love. Her character satirizes the way religious figures can prioritize social status over genuine piety.

### **What traits define the Miller in The Canterbury Tales, and what is his story about?**

The Miller is characterized as a brawny and boisterous man, known for his crude humor and lack of refinement. His tale is a bawdy story about love and deceit, reflecting his own rough personality and social standing.

### **How does Chaucer use the character of the Summoner in The Canterbury Tales?**

The Summoner is depicted as lecherous and corrupt, using his position to extort money from sinners. Through this character, Chaucer critiques the hypocrisy and moral failings of those in the Church,

highlighting issues of justice and integrity.

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