

# walter cronkite editorial on vietnam war worksheet answers

**Walter Cronkite editorial on Vietnam War worksheet answers** are an essential part of understanding the impact of media on public opinion, particularly during the Vietnam War era. Walter Cronkite, often referred to as "the most trusted man in America," served as the anchor for CBS Evening News and played a crucial role in shaping American perceptions of the Vietnam War through his reporting and commentary. His editorial on the war, aired in 1968, marked a significant turning point in the way the American public viewed the conflict and the U.S. government's involvement in it. This article will explore the content of Cronkite's editorial, its historical context, and its lasting effects on public opinion and U.S. policy regarding the Vietnam War.

## Historical Context of the Vietnam War

The Vietnam War was a protracted conflict that took place from the late 1950s until 1975, primarily involving North Vietnam and its communist allies against South Vietnam and the United States. The war was rooted in the larger context of the Cold War, with the U.S. attempting to contain the spread of communism in Southeast Asia. By the mid-1960s, American involvement escalated significantly, with the deployment of combat troops and extensive bombing campaigns.

## Media Coverage of the Vietnam War

The Vietnam War was one of the first conflicts to be extensively covered by television, bringing the brutal realities of war into American living rooms. This shift in media coverage played a vital role in shaping public perceptions and attitudes towards the conflict. Key points regarding media coverage include:

1. **Graphic Imagery:** Television broadcasts showed graphic images of combat, casualties, and the suffering of civilians, which contrasted sharply with the optimistic narratives provided by government officials.
2. **Credibility Gap:** As the war progressed, a credibility gap emerged between what the government reported and what was being shown on television. This discrepancy led to growing skepticism among the American public.
3. **Role of Journalists:** Journalists like Walter Cronkite became influential figures during this time, providing analysis and commentary that helped contextualize the events in Vietnam.

## Walter Cronkite's Editorial

On February 27, 1968, Walter Cronkite delivered a pivotal editorial on CBS Evening News in the wake of the Tet Offensive, a massive surprise attack by North Vietnamese forces during the Vietnamese

lunar new year. This event shocked the American public and raised serious questions about U.S. involvement in the war.

## **Key Points of Cronkite's Editorial**

In his editorial, Cronkite expressed his doubts about the U.S. government's optimistic portrayal of the war. Several key points emerged from his commentary:

1. **Reality of the War:** Cronkite stated that the war was not going as well as the government had claimed, acknowledging that the U.S. was not winning the conflict.
2. **Call for Negotiation:** He suggested that the U.S. should pursue negotiations with North Vietnam, emphasizing the need to find a resolution rather than continuing the military effort.
3. **Impact on Public Opinion:** Cronkite's editorial was a significant moment in media history, as it marked a shift in public opinion. Many Americans began to question the rationale behind the war and the government's credibility.

## **The Impact of Cronkite's Editorial**

Walter Cronkite's editorial had profound effects on both public opinion and U.S. policy regarding the Vietnam War.

## **Public Reaction**

1. **Shift in Trust:** Cronkite's assertion that the war was unwinnable led to a decline in trust in government officials, particularly President Lyndon B. Johnson, who had previously maintained that the U.S. was making progress in the conflict.
2. **Increased Anti-War Sentiment:** Following the editorial, anti-war protests grew in size and intensity. The editorial galvanized many Americans who had been on the fence about the war, leading to a more vocal opposition movement.
3. **Media's Role in Politics:** Cronkite's editorial exemplified the powerful role media could play in shaping political discourse and influencing public opinion, highlighting the responsibility journalists have in reporting on war and conflict.

## **Government Response**

1. **Policy Reevaluation:** In the wake of increased public dissent, the Johnson administration began to reconsider its policies in Vietnam. This culminated in the eventual decision to de-escalate U.S. military involvement.

2. Shift in Military Strategy: The U.S. began to adopt a more diplomatic approach, leading to peace talks in Paris and a gradual withdrawal of troops.

3. Legacy of the Editorial: Cronkite's editorial is often credited with marking the beginning of the end of U.S. involvement in Vietnam, and it serves as a case study in the relationship between media, public opinion, and government policy.

## **Conclusion**

Walter Cronkite's editorial on the Vietnam War remains a significant moment in American history. By challenging the prevailing narrative of the war and advocating for a negotiated peace, he played a crucial role in shaping public perceptions and influencing U.S. policy. The impact of his commentary demonstrates the power of journalism in holding government accountable and shaping the discourse surrounding contentious issues. As we reflect on this pivotal moment, it is essential to consider the lessons learned about the relationship between media, public opinion, and government action, particularly in times of conflict.

The implications of Cronkite's editorial extend beyond the Vietnam War, serving as a reminder of the importance of informed public discourse and the need for transparency in government actions. The Vietnam War ultimately reshaped American society, and Cronkite's role in this transformation underscores the enduring influence of the media in shaping the course of history.

## **Frequently Asked Questions**

### **What was Walter Cronkite's main argument in his editorial on the Vietnam War?**

Walter Cronkite argued that the Vietnam War was unwinnable and that the United States should seek a negotiated peace rather than continuing to escalate military involvement.

### **How did Cronkite's editorial impact public opinion on the Vietnam War?**

Cronkite's editorial significantly shifted public opinion, leading many Americans to question the government's optimistic portrayal of the war and increasing anti-war sentiment.

### **What specific events in Vietnam did Cronkite reference in his editorial?**

Cronkite referenced the Tet Offensive and the growing casualties of American and Vietnamese forces to illustrate the dire situation in Vietnam.

## **What was the reaction of government officials to Cronkite's editorial?**

Government officials, including President Lyndon B. Johnson, were reportedly concerned about Cronkite's influence, with Johnson famously stating that if he had lost Cronkite, he had lost middle America.

## **When did Walter Cronkite deliver his editorial on the Vietnam War?**

Walter Cronkite delivered his editorial on the Vietnam War on February 27, 1968, during a broadcast of the CBS Evening News.

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